



WSO Simulator

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JCUVA / AEGORA Group – 26th October 2017

WSO-UV instrumentation

- WUVS: WSO Ultraviolet Spectrographs
 - VUVES: Far UV 1020-1800 Å, R~55000
 - UVES: Near UV 1740-3100 Å, R~55000
 - LSS: Long Slit 1020-3200 Å, R=1500-4500
- FCU: Field Camera Unit
 - UVO Channel: 1740-3100 Å CCD
 - FUV Channel: 1150-1750 Å MCP





How does it work?

- Executable from command line, takes:
 - Simulation parameters
 - Star catalogue (α, δ, m)
 - Photometry parameters
- Includes realistic models of:
 - the telescope optics,
 - stellar mapping on focal plane,
 - detector and its electronics,
 - the ACS jitter movements of the spacecraft,
 - and all important natural noise sources.
- Perform post-processing photometry of the images





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Intrapixel resolution





Credit: De Ridder et al.



Credit: Hook et al.



How does it work?

Noise sources:

- PSF Convolution;
- High-energy particle hits;
- Charge-transfer smearing;
- Sky background;
- CCD Sensitivity variations;
- Photon noise;
- Full-well saturation;
- Charge-transfer efficiency;
- Read-out noise;
- ► Gain;
- Electronic offset;
- Digital saturation.





- UVO Channel:
 - Estimation of observable stars at specific noise levels











Jitter_evaluation_FCU_UVOExposure000000.fits_0



Jitter_evaluation_FCU_UVOExposure000001.fits_0

- UVO Channel:
 - Estimation of observable stars at specific noise levels
 - Jitter effect on the overall noise budget
 - Performance test of prototype detectors
 - Optical design performance
 - Exoplanets transits



- UVO Channel:
 - Estimation of observable 4000 stars at specific noise levels3500
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- UVO Channel:
 - Estimation of observable stars at specific noise levels
 - Jitter effect on the overall noise budget
 - Performance test of prototype detectors
 - Optical design performance
 - Exoplanets transits
- FUV Channel:
 - MCP Detector (work in progress)



- Input method: Flat energy distribution image provided by instrumental team
- Spectral model
- Similar actual instrument for validation and comparison



Input file: Flat spectrum



- Application: spectral lines detectability
- Select actual spectrum
 - STIS E140 grating similar spectral wavelength and resolution
 - Resampling STIS spectral resolution to WUVS spectral resolution
 - Setting the STIS orders into the WUVS pixel map



Input file: Flat spectrum



DG Tau spectrum from STIS in WUVS pixel map

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• Input image





• Input image vs Simulated image









D)

C)







• Original vs simulated spectra



⁽Marcos-Arenal et al. 2017)



Simulations outcome

- Evaluation of the instrument performance
- Noise level expected to be present in the observations
- Data quality
- Fine-tuning of the instrument design
- Observing strategies



Final remarks

- Validation of the WSO-UV instrumental behaviour
- Transiting exoplanets simulations
- Photometry post-processing workbench
- Detection of spectral lines in WUVS



Thanks for your attention!

